

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1881.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Special Notice.—Persons wishing to have printing well done, will please call at the Press office. We can print at the cheapest.

PAY UP.

Those indebted to us will please settle up their accounts without delay. We need the money.

—Farmer's and Planter's Almanac for 1882 for sale at Salem Bookstore.

—Superior Court in session.

—Fine rain Sunday and Sunday night.

—Pocket Book lost. See advertisement.

—Tarboro Fair commences on the 8th of November, to continue four days.

—First Quarter of Moon the 29th, at 11 o'clock, 26 minutes in the evening.

COOKING STOVE.—Second hand cooking stove for sale. Enquire at the Bookstore, Salem.

—The New Moon of last Saturday brought rain as predicted by the Almanac, which gave as a rainy Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. Vogler celebrate their golden wedding to-day. We congratulate them and wish them a pleasant jubilee.

—The American Farmer, published by Samuel Sands & Son, Baltimore, is a first-class monthly for farmers. Only \$1.50 a year. The American Farmer was established in 1819, and very old files are in this place.

PERSONALS.—Mrs. O. A. Keehn has returned from Farmington.

Mr. Harvey, of Brooklyn, is the guest of Rev. Dr. Rondthaler.

Mrs. H. R. Lemly has gone on a few days' visit to Washington City.

Jesse Carter, of Madison, is with his family at Mrs. E. A. Vogler's.

Jacob Meller and son have returned to their home in Altoona, Pa.

Mr. Chapman, of the Midland survey, gave us a call on Monday.

Maj. Andrews, of the Midland N. C. R., is attending the R. R. meeting at Winston.

Austin Yates and lady are at the Salem Hotel.

Joseph H. Reich, of Five Forks neighborhood, gave us a hand-shaking on Wednesday.

The Railroad Meeting.

A large delegation, from all along the N. C. Midland route, met in Winston on Tuesday and Wednesday. President Barbour and Vice-President Morehead were present. The general impression is that the road will be built, but up to Wednesday noon we have only the following: At the meeting on Wednesday morning, A. Leazer, of Mooresville, in the Chair, and G. W. Hinshaw, of Winston, Secretary, the following Board of Directors was elected by acclamation: C. G. Holloman, J. R. Cowan, J. Wilcox Brown, P. W. Hairston, L. W. Anderson, J. M. Vaughn, C. H. Wiley, J. E. Gilmer, J. W. Fries, W. C. Wilson, A. M. Boe, A. Leazer.

A resolution was passed empowering the Directors to locate the road south of Mocksville. Good feeling prevailed, and it is believed that word on the road will be resumed shortly. The Directors met on Wednesday afternoon too late to notice proceedings this week.

Since the above we learn that work will be resumed shortly.

THE STATE FAIR.—Below we give from the premiums awarded at the 21st Annual State Fair, recently held, the following to exhibitors from this section of country:

Miss Sallie Butler, of Salem, best specimen flax, \$2.

Wm. Shultz, Salem, best linseed oil, \$2.

Mrs. Wm. Shultz, Salem, best mutton suet, \$2.

Mrs. Wm. Shultz, Salem, best pound beeswax, \$2.

Mrs. Wm. Shultz, Salem, best ten pounds lard, \$2.

H. S. Foy, Winston, best pair of match horses, \$5.

C. F. Lowe, Lexington, best stallion, 4 years or over, \$15.

C. F. Lowe, Lexington, best bull, \$15.

D. N. Pickett, Lexington, best calf, \$5.

T. B. Lash, Bethania, best ker-
schnitt diploma.

T. B. Lash, Bethania, best pic-
ture diploma.

W. E. Turner, Dalton, best sor-
ghum crushing machine, diploma.

Mrs. Murdoch, Salisbury, best cot-
ton crocheting, \$1.

The list of premiums occupy nearly three and a half columns of the *New's Observer*,—very few awards to the Western portion of the State. Not much interest was taken in the Fair, it seems, in this section of the country.

BETHANIA, N. C., Oct. 22, 1881.
MESSRS. BLUM.—At last quarterly examination of Common School teachers, certificates were issued to the following applicants, viz:

1st Grade.—Messrs. W. H. Bas, J. W. Pinney, Mrs. N. H. Smith, E. J. Sapp, J. S. Sides, A. J. Hauser, W. H. Conley, S. A. Sides, J. F. Westmoreland, S. A. Hege, F. D. L. Messer, S. H. Everett.

2nd Grade.—J. W. Speas, E. L. Kiser, J. S. Spainhower, Miss Emma Wicker, Messrs. F. H. Morris, Wm. F. Sprinkle, J. M. Moon, Miss Bettie Clayton, Mrs. M. Moser; Messrs. L. Holder, Wm. Keele, Geo. Hauser, S. A. Hauser, W. H. Gosden; Misses Annie Bynum, E. R. Rominger, E. L. Conrad; Messrs. J. G. Fulton, J. T. Armfield, J. L. Armfield, A. L. Petree, C. E. M. Raper, Geo. H. Idol, J. C. Mock, Wm. Linville, J. P. Binkley, D. A. Binkley.

3rd Grade.—Messrs. J. A. Wiesner, Henry Holder, T. P. Haste, E. N. Hoskins.

Colored 3rd Grade.—Misses R. J. Brooks, M. E. Brooks, Sally Washington; Messrs. Henderson Gwyn, S. S. Payne, D. J. Brooks.

At examination last July the following certificates were issued:

1st Class.—H. L. Beckerdite, E. M. Woodburn.

2nd Grade.—A. P. Davis, Miss L. Webb.

The Examiner informs us that he has no doubt if applicants would come to him fewer at a time, they could have a more satisfactory examination than is possible when such a number come before him at one time, as was the case last week, and week before. He has reason to believe, that, in a number of instances, better grades could be obtained by the applicants. It is his intention, in future examinations, to reduce all his questions on the various branches in which such a method is practicable to writing, and receive written answers to them. This course will give every one more time to consider the question, and render any mistake or unfairness to applicants utterly impossible.

—The meeting in the M. E. church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. C. C. Dodson, closed last Wednesday night. It lasted five weeks and was attended by a marked degree of success. There were sixty-two conversions. We learn that a protracted meeting will be commenced in the M. P. church by Rev. Mr. Amick.—Leader.

STOKES COUNTY.—The Coroner of Stokes was called on last Sunday to hold an inquest over the dead body of Mrs. M. J. Stout, (the married daughter of Wm. H. Lumsden), who was found in the Town Fork creek, at the head of Kiser's Old Forge Pond. The jury after hearing the evidence, rendered a verdict of "voluntary drowning."

There will be a meeting of the Superintendents of all the Sunday Schools in Stokes county on Tuesday of court week, for the purpose of organizing a County Sunday School Association.

There have been on the Stokes circuit this year general spiritual prosperity; between 80 and 90 have been converted and 70 or 72 added to the church. At Davis' Chapel there were 40 conversions and accessions.—*Danbury Reporter*.

GOOD BOOKS.

THE PEOPLE'S CYCLOPEDIA OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE is one of the best books for reference now before the people. A Whole Library condensed into Two Super Royal Octavo Volumes Superbly Printed, Elegantly and substantially Bound, Illustrated with Numerous Colored Maps and over 3,000 Engravings, and brought down to the year 1881.

Extra English Cloth, \$6.50 per Volume. Complete \$13.

Library Leather, Marble Edges, \$7.50 per Volume.

Payable on the delivery of each volume.

A saving of 3½ cts. a day for a year will buy the complete work in cloth; 4 cts. a day will buy it in Library Binding, and 5 cts. a day in half Turkey Morocco.

Sold by subscription only. May be had by addressing L. V. & E. T. Blum, Salem, N. C., or John H. Zevely, Friedberg, N. C. The citizens of Salem, Winston and vicinity will be called on during the next 30 days. The articles are satisfactory and brief. No unnecessary reading to get at the information wanted.

INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS, Fifth District, for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 22, 1881.

Monday \$7,515 57

Tuesday 4,669 82

Wednesday 3,979 90

Thursday 6,033 38

Friday 1,623 65

Saturday 4,802 00

Total \$28,624 32

TUESDAY.

In Kershawville, on the 18th inst., CHARLOTTE, infant daughter of C. B. and G. C. Haste, m. n. Osborne, aged 1 year, 8 months and 24 days.

FAMILY BIBLES.

A new supply of Family Bibles, containing the revised New Testa-
ment,—at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

"Don't know half their Value."

"They cured me of Ague, Biliousness and Kidney Complaint, as recommended. I had a half bottle left which I used for my two little girls, who the doctors and neighbors said could not be cured. I would have lost both of them in one night if I had not given them Hop-Bitters. They did them so much good I continued their use until they were cured. That is why I say I do not know half the value of Hop-Bitters, and do not recommend them high enough."—B. Rochester, N. Y.—*American Rural Home*.

SALEM MARKETS.

Wheat (white) per bushel, \$1.00 to \$1.80

Wheat (red) 1.50 to 1.70

Oats, " 1.00 to 1.25

Corn, " 0.60 to 1.00

Rye, " 1.00 to 1.25

Flour, per bushel, 37 ½ to 42 ½

Peas, (col'd.) per bushel, 00 to 00

Peas, (white) " 00 to 00

Beans, (col'd.) " 00 to 00

Beans, (white) " 00 to 00

Onion Sets, per bushel, 0.00 to 0.00

Pork, " 8 to 10

Country Meat, (hog round), " 10 to 12

Ham, " 10 to 12

Green Apples per bushel, 50 to 80

Apples, " 15 to 20

Butter, per pound, 10 to 20

Salmon, " 6 to 8

Flax Seed, per bushel, 80 to 90

Potatoes, Irish, per bushel, 70 to 100

Potatoes, sweet, " 70 to 100

Apples, per bushel, 15 to 20

Turnips, per bushel, 15 to 20

Carrots, per bushel, 15 to 20

Onions, per bushel,

THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Wearing Feats.

Nothing that a farmer can do at this season is better than a little extra care and a small amount of oatmeal and shorts, with a little skimmed milk added if convenient, given to the foal morning, noon and night at the time of weaning. Stir a handful of oatmeal and the same quantity of shorts or middlings into a pint of boiling water with a pinch of salt added, and let it cool a few minutes, then add a pint of milk, half a pint of cream and the yolk of an egg; scald it over the fire, keeping it stirring and do not let it boil; add a little sugar and let it stand till cold, then lay it over the apples and finish with the cream whip.

Bread OMELET.

One teaspoonful bread crumbs, one tablespoonful milk, lot the milk to a boiling point, pour it over the crumbs, let stand a few minutes, then take six eggs, break a dish, stir until well mixed (not hot), pour the eggs into the milk and crumbs, mix well, season to taste with salt and pepper; pour now the mixture into a hot skillet in which a large tablespoonful of butter has been melted, let it fry slowly, cut in squares and turn, fry to a delicate brown; serve at once.

About Cattle.

G. W. Hoffman says: Lair is good keroseen is good—but together and good. A mixture of the two, half and half, is better than either separate, and there is less risk of injury to the hair than from keroseen alone. Before the Lair, mix the keroseen—keroseen is soothed and more easily applied. While we are on veterinary matters, I may report an experience of to-day. I have a cow that got choked by a turnip that resisted the usual treatment—pressing upward with the thumb and fingers below the obstruction. I got a piece of inch and a quarter rope and soaked it thoroughly in warm water, then in cold water, still it is, when cold, and when it is hot and then when the turnip is down. The trouble was soon ended and the cow returned to her mess. I prefer to effect dislodgment of the offending substance by pressure applied externally. This is done by grasping the gullet just below the obstruction and squeezing it upward. In most cases quick relief may be obtained by this method, and it has the merit of being free from risk. I have had no trouble with this method, and it is safe.

White ointments may be removed by dipping in a thick warm lather of cold soap, rinsing and drying in the sun and then the turnip is out. Take a bias piece of unbleached muslin, two inches wide, pin tightly around the tin or plate after the pie is made. The pie will bake beautifully and retain all the juice.

Selling.

A correspondent of the *Iowa Home-stand*, who keeps five cows on five acres of ground, from which, besides supplying his family with milk and cream, he manufactures 1,300 pounds of butter annually, writes: "I have a cow that gives over a quart of milk every day, and she describes how she does it. I have five acres, about two and three-fourths in pasture, mostly blue grass. I have a strip four rods long and four rods wide that consists of timothy and clover, which I cut twice and sometimes three times a season. As soon as it will do to eat I feed it regularly to the cows twice each day, and it lasts till the corn is ready to use. There is a strip four rods long and four rods wide which I plant with sweet corn for fodder. I made a dropper that I attach to a two-horse plow, which makes the stalks about two inches apart in the row. I plant at three different times, so as to have it early and late. About the 1st of July I commence to thin out, leaving a stalk about once in a foot. By the time I get half cut up, I plow the ground and sow with winter rye. I sow the balance as soon as the corn is off. This makes good pasture late in the fall and early in the spring. We feed our cows six quarts of corn meal and bran, mixed equal parts by weight, each day. This is the way I summer five cows on five acres, and have done so for three years past. I mow the ground high, and that is what makes good crops.

The Fishing Industry.

Professor G. Brown Goode, special agent in charge of division 2, sent to the census office the following statistics of the industry, confined to him, one amazed at the magnitude of the fishing business of the United States. In census bulletin No. 261 we have a series of sixteen tables, showing the statistics of the fisheries of the great lakes, grouped by States and lakes. Of the States which border on the lakes—Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, New York, and New York—Michigan ranks as the largest number of men, some 1,781, Ohio the next, 1,046, and New York is the third, with 922 fishermen. The total number of men engaged is 5,050. With their apparatus and accessories a capital is employed of \$1,345,979. There are forty-nine steam tugs used in this fishing, and the total number of vessels and boats of all kinds is 1,067, valued at \$2,000,000. The catch of these vessels represents in weight, 68,742,000 pounds of fish, worth \$1,784,050, the fish being represented principally by the white-fish, salmon trout, herring and sturgeon. Michigan and Ohio catch the largest quantities, the first 24,924,300 pounds, Ohio 24,013,100 pounds; New York, 4,070,000 pounds.

White fish is the most valuable fish, being worth alone \$78,100. The importance of the salmon is not quite manifest when we find that in 1880 712,100 pounds were used, worth \$116,300. In examining the products derived from the sturgeon, we find that caviare represents \$34,815, icasinglass, \$5,765. Of smoked fish, which the sturgeon world represent the major part, the value was a fraction less than the value of the fishes separately. Lake Michigan is the best, with \$68,400, while Erie's is \$42,800. The value of the same fish is worth \$77,930. Lakes Huron and St. Clair represented \$18,000, and \$132,700 worth of white fish.

Examining the cost of the value of fresh and salt fish for the same section, fresh fish was worth \$1,102,950, while salted fish was \$402,670. In frozen fish the values were \$126,100. It is quite presumable that the catch of Lake Superior in time to come will be very much increased in weight, and consequently, in value, though it may have been seen, the quality of the fish has greatly improved with the return money. When Professor G. Brown Goode has completed his very onerous task of compilation, and the whole money value of the fisheries of the country are presented, then some conception can be had of the great importance of our fisheries as a source of national wealth.

For Alligators.

Fishing for alligators in the soft mud of an uncovered lake bottom is a form of the angler's sport which probably is as old as the world.

Isaac Walton, the most halcyon

moment in the life of every angler,

has written a chapter on the art of

catching alligators in his "Angler's

Book," and the chapter is as follows:

"I have seen young fowls drop

from the nests of the alligator,

and have seen the young fowls

fall to the ground and

die, and have seen the

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